# Are You Ready for an SIS?

What to do before starting on your SIS...and after it's installed

March 24, 2009



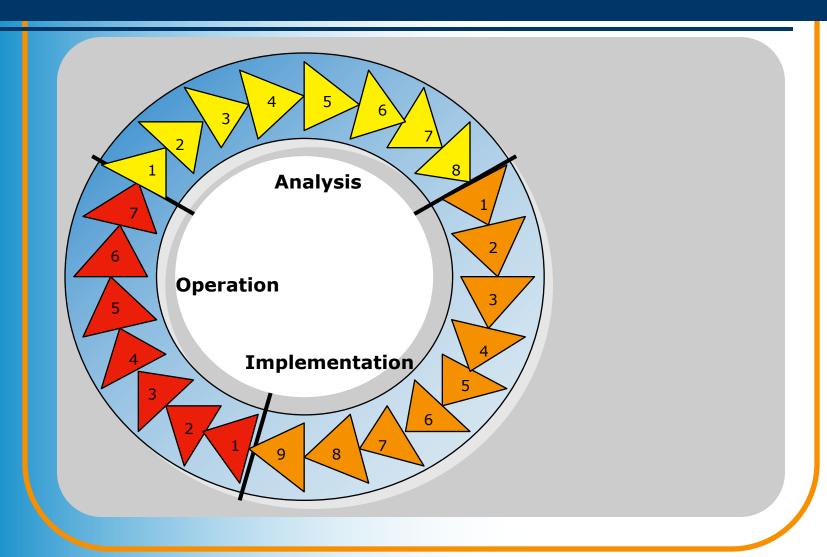
#### Presenter: Mike Schmidt, P.E.

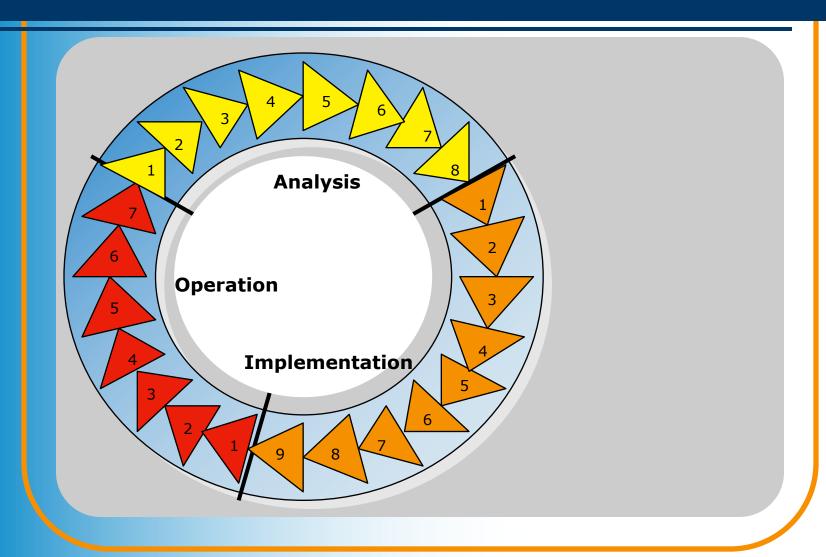
- Principal
  Bluefield Process Safety
- Principal Safety Consultant Emerson Process Management

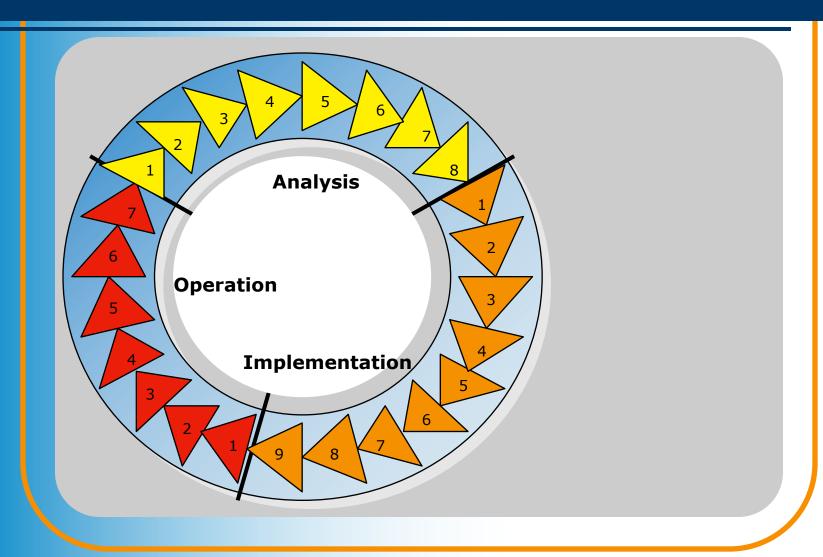


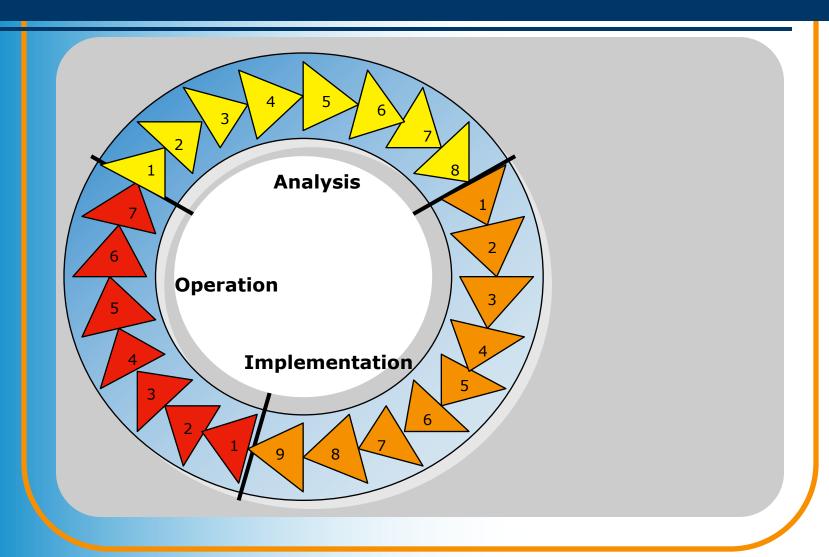
### Before starting on an SIS

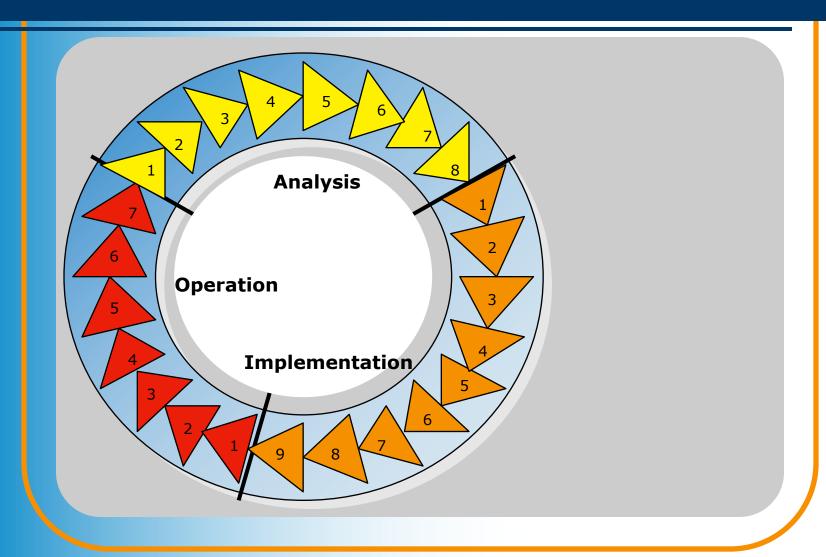
- Steps of the Safety Life Cycle and Why They Matter
- SIFs and SIL Assignment
- The SRS
- After the SIS is installed
  - a conversation

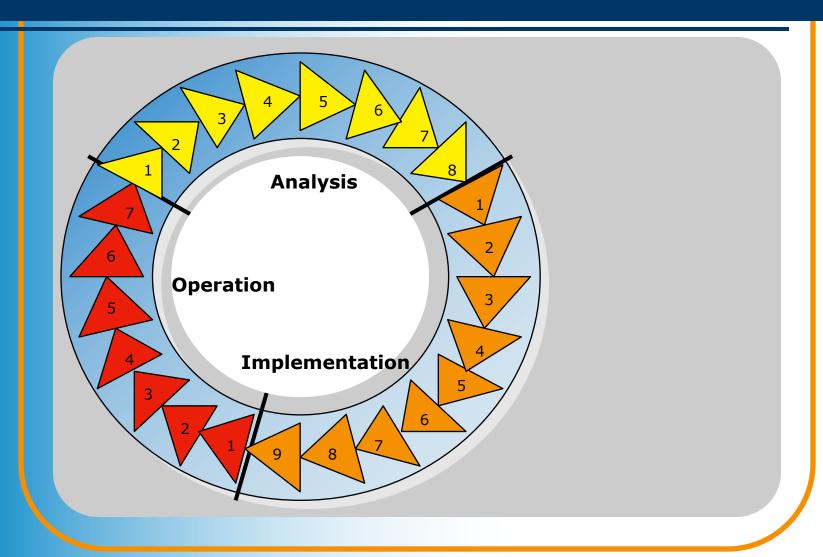


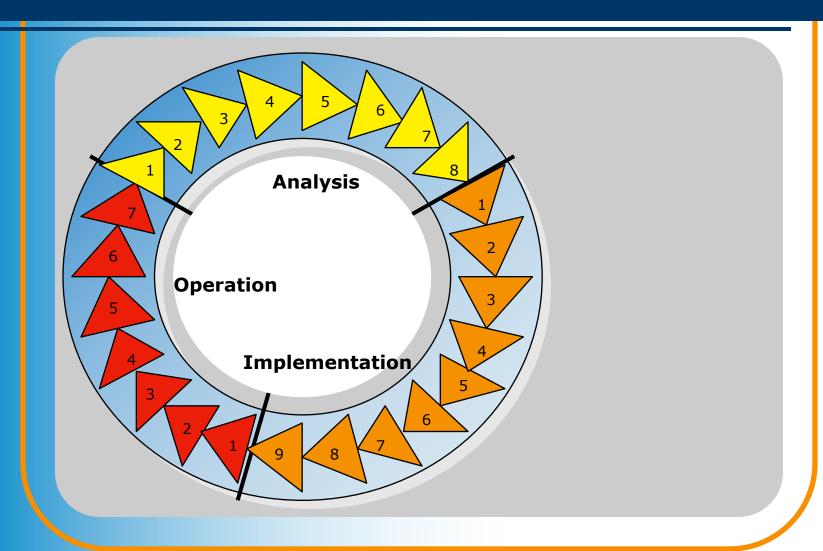


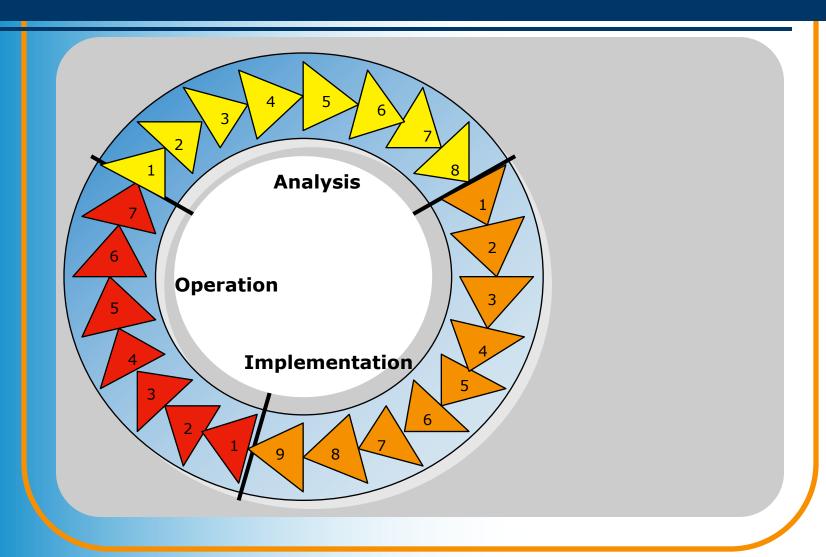


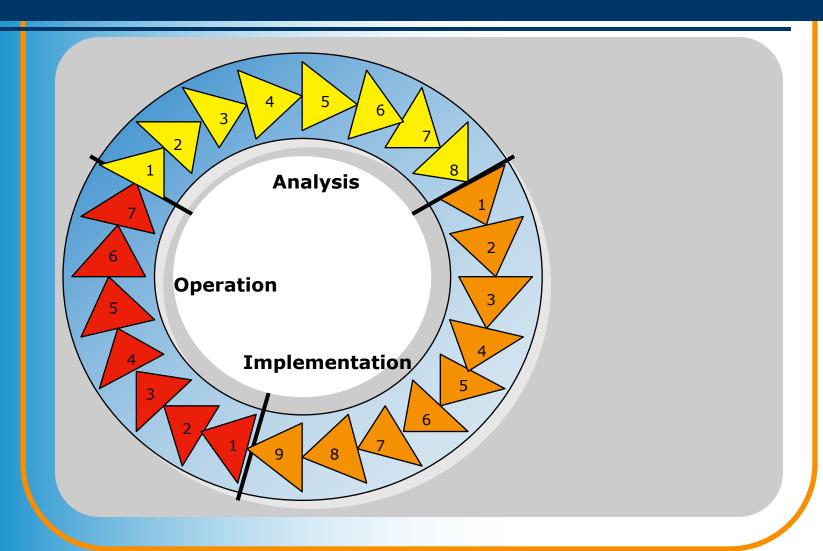


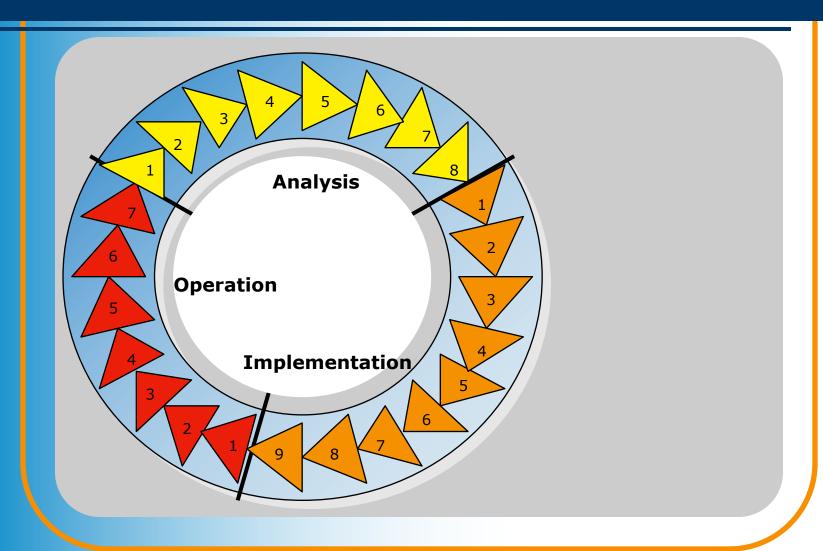


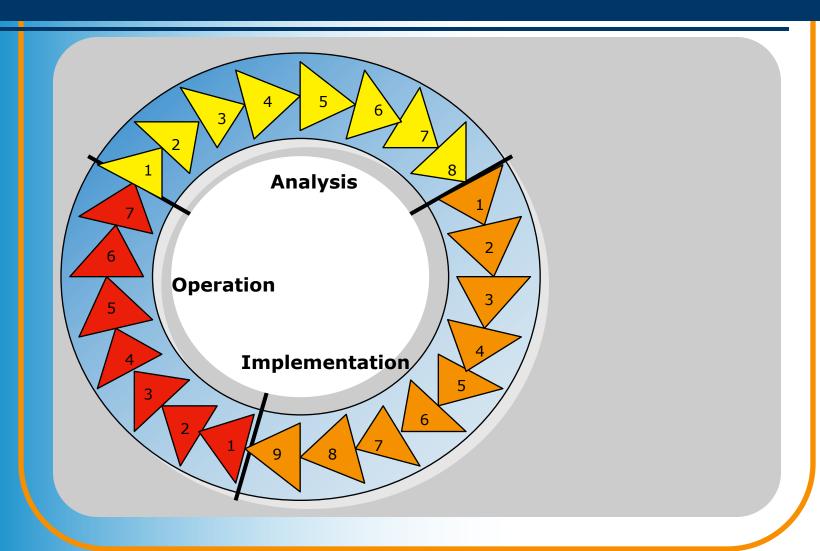


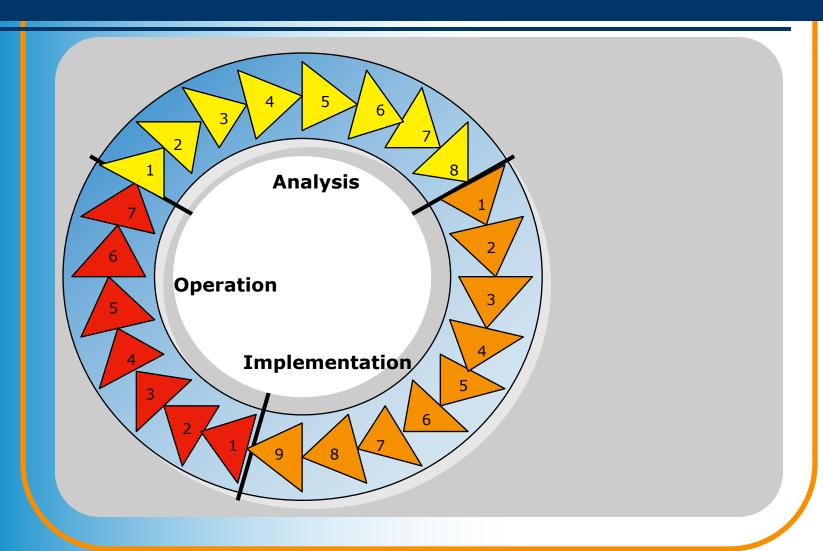


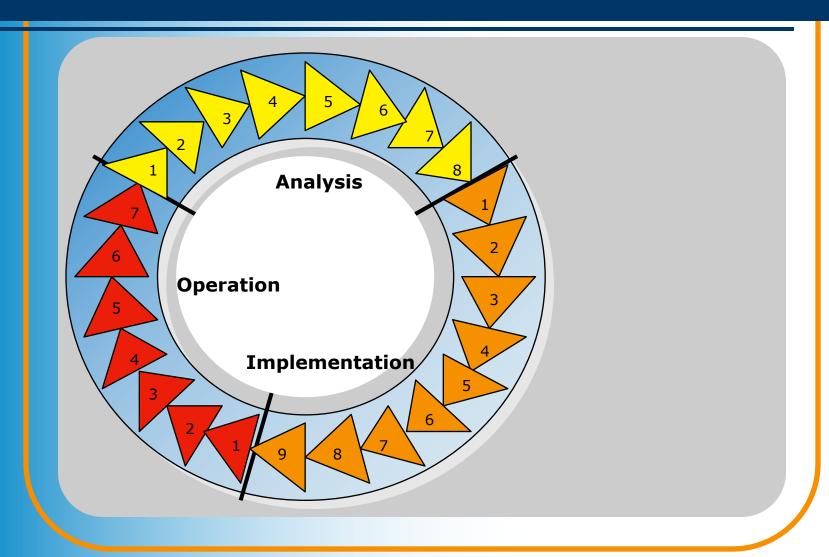


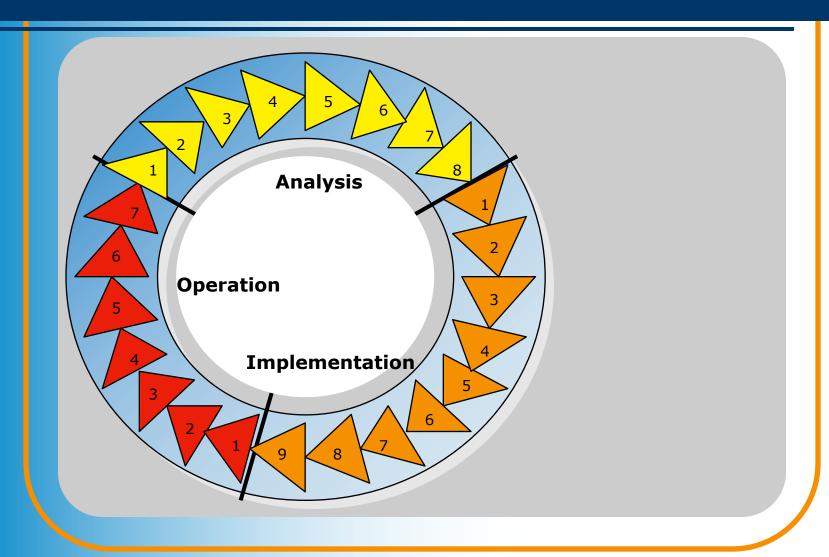


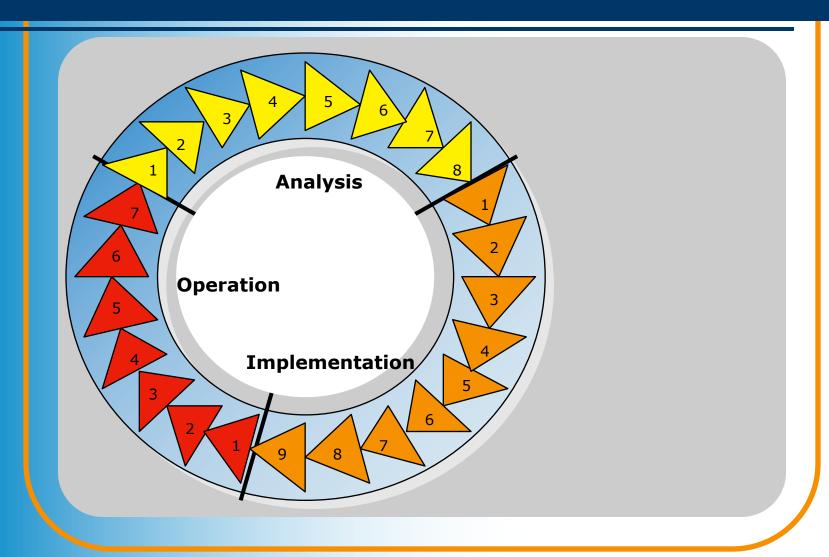


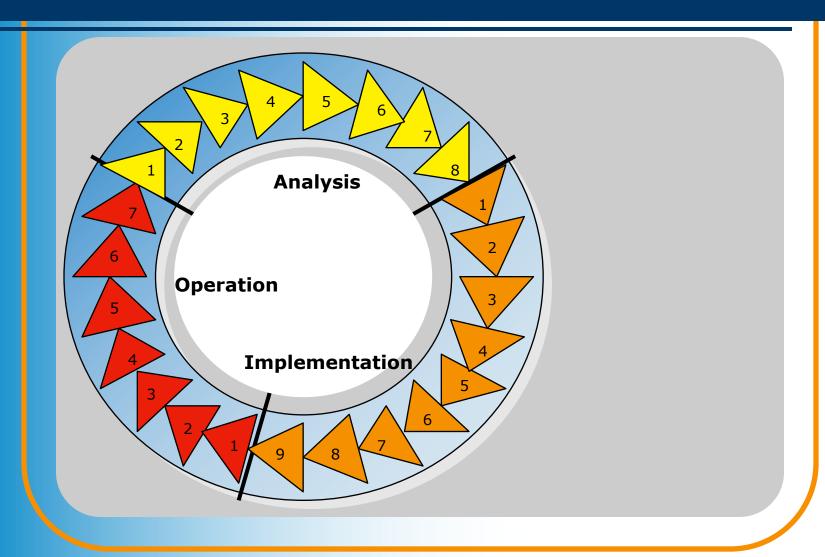


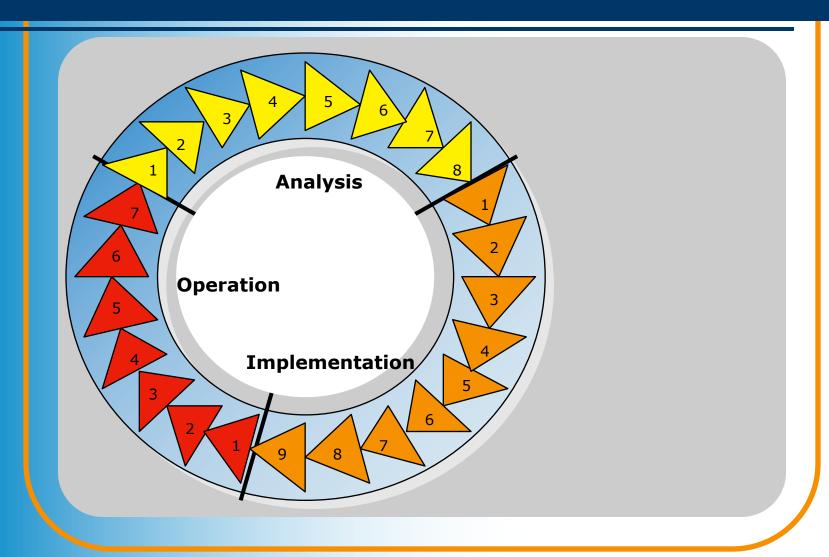


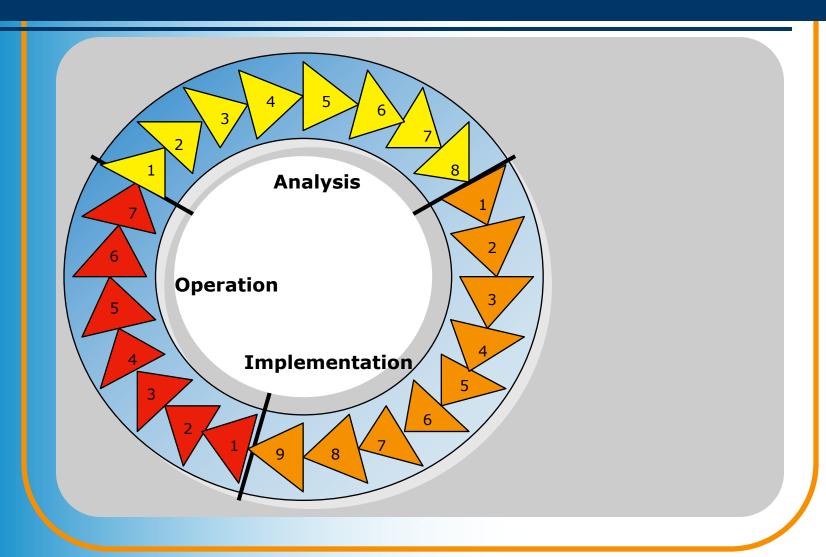


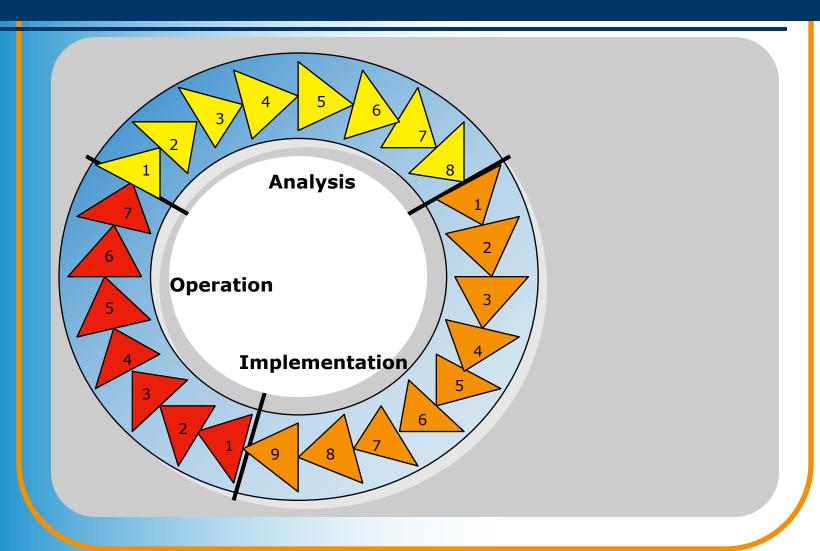


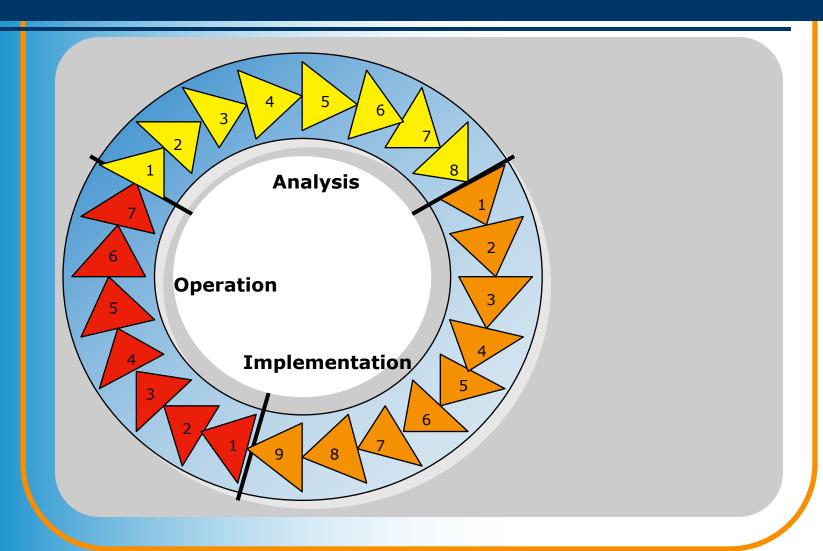


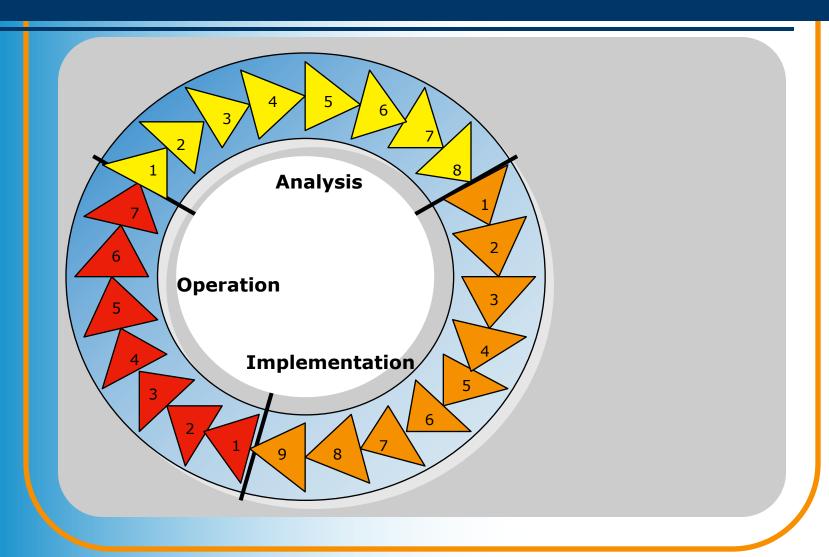


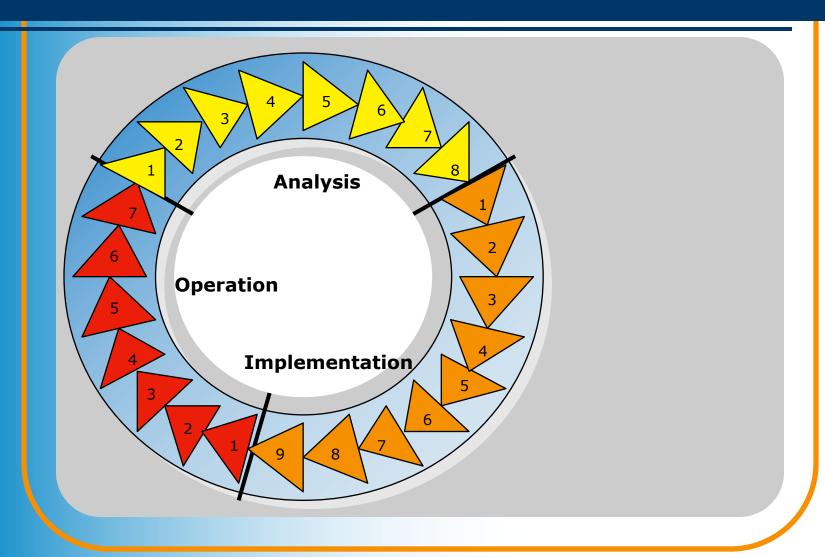


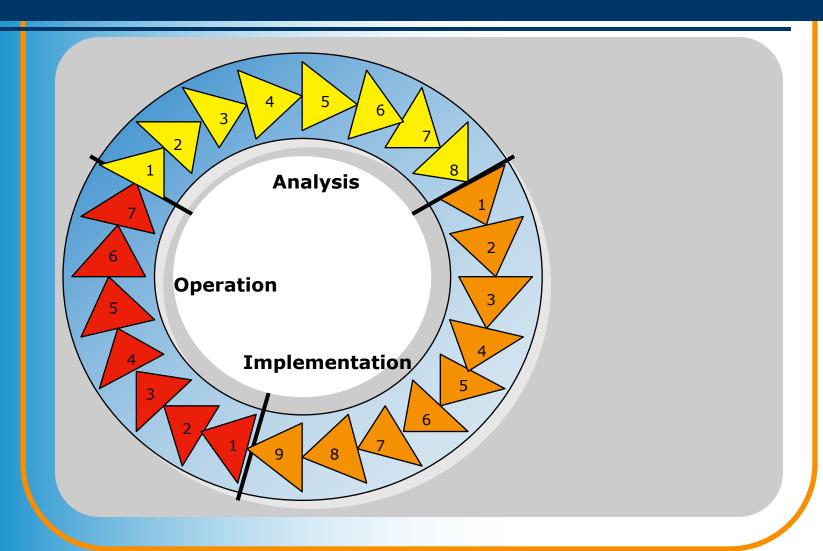


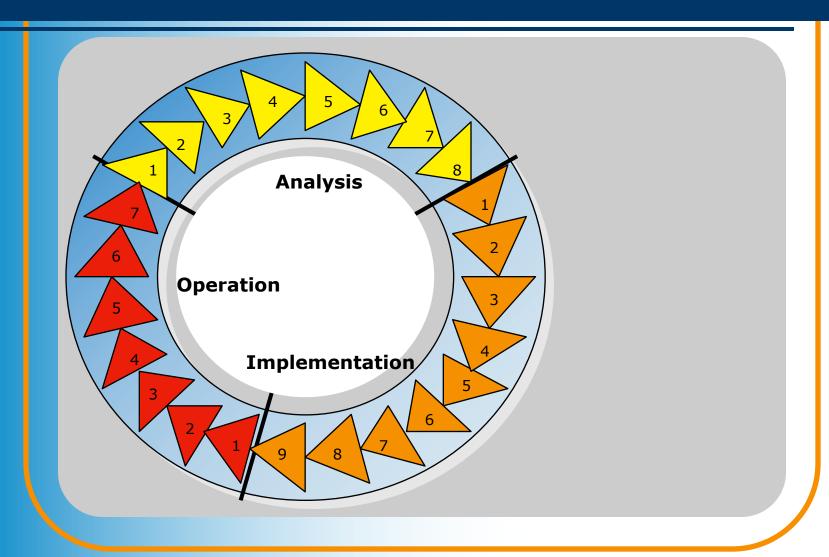




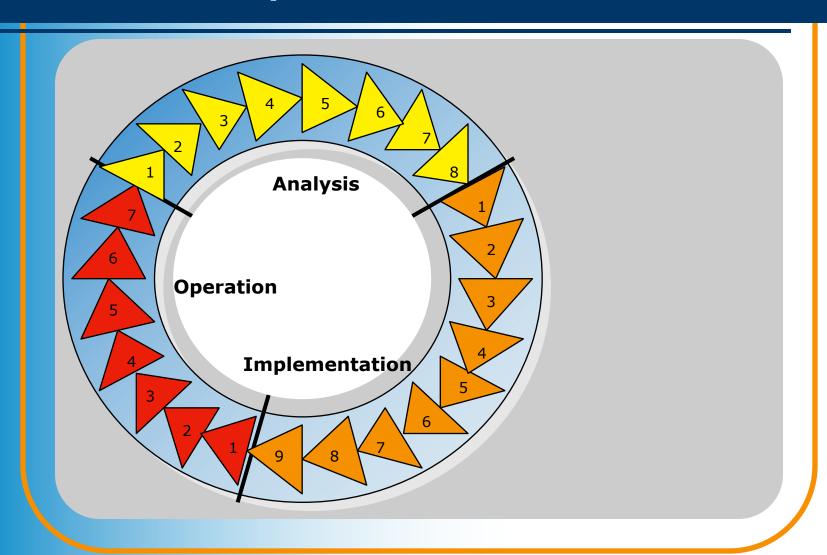








#### The Analysis Phase





#### Process Design

- Process Design has the greatest influence on the need for an SIS
- This includes all of the main Process **Design Documents** 
  - Conceptual Design
  - PFDs and Heat/Material Balances
  - P&IDs



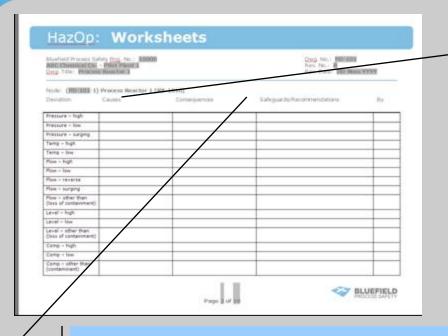


#### Hazard Identification

- Hazards are identified during the Process Hazard Analysis (PHA)
- Preliminary PHAs
  - "What If?"
  - Checklist
- Detailed PHA
  - HazOp (Hazard Operability Review)



#### HazOps: Some tips

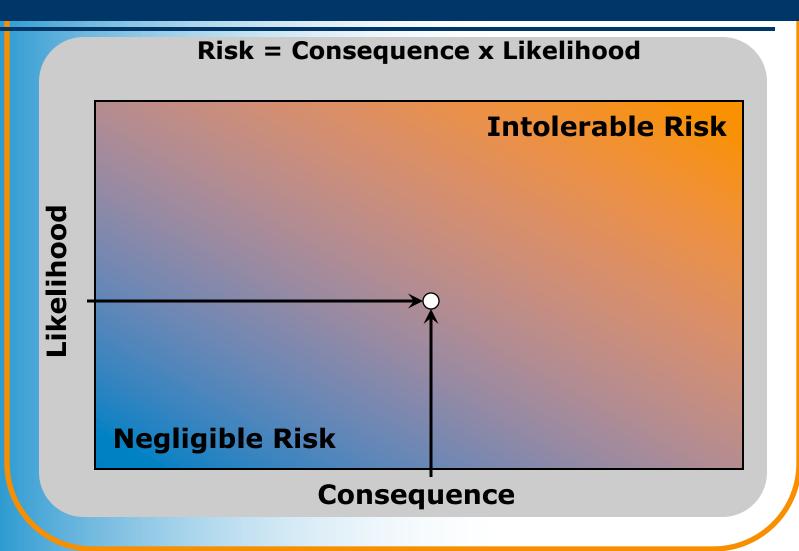


Tip 1. Take care in identifying the cause. If it's a deviation, that normally means a failure.

Tip 2. Some HazOp methods prompt an identification of frequency. If this is done, do it consistently...with or without safeguards, with or without recommendations, with or without SIFs



#### Risk Assessment





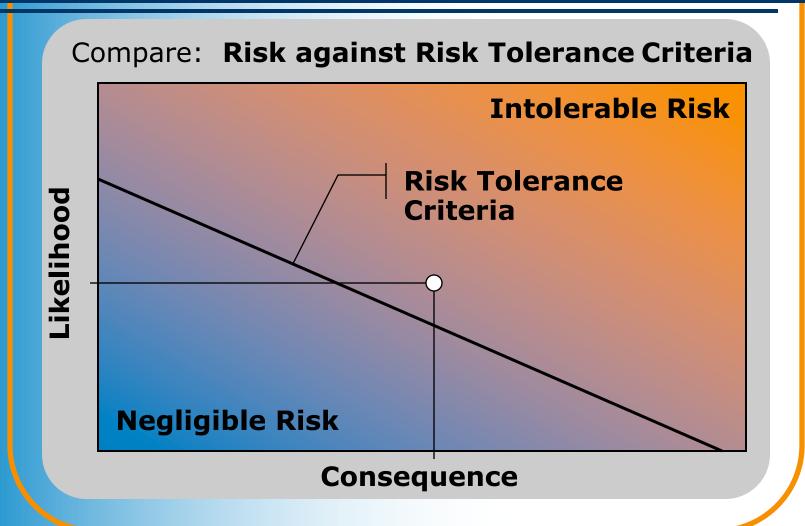
#### Risk Assessment

- Consequence Analysis
  - Offsite Consequence Analysis (OCA)
  - Quantitative Risk Analysis (QRA)
- Likelihood Analysis
  - Layers of Protection Analysis (LOPA)





#### How much risk is too much?







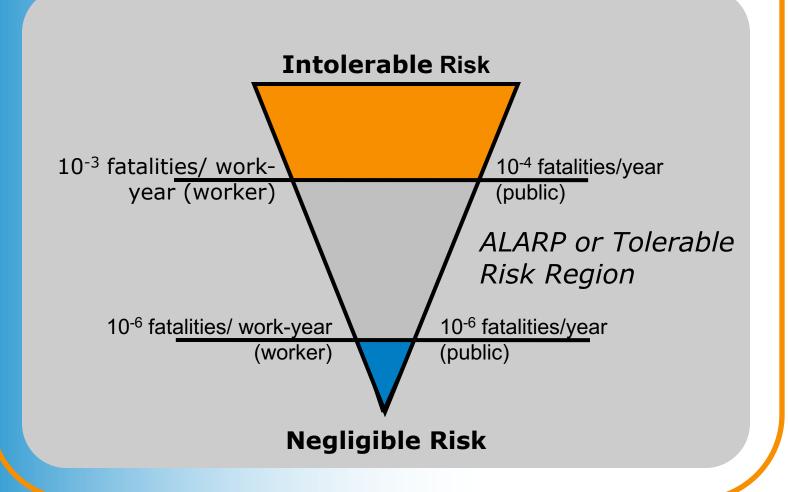
#### Risk Tolerance Criteria

- May come from any of several sources
  - Plant policy
  - Corporate policy
  - Industry benchmarks and guidelines
  - Government mandates
- The United States does not set tolerable risk levels or offer guidelines.
- Outside consultants should not decide for you what is tolerable





#### \* ALARP: Levels in the UK







### \* Factors to Consider

- Number of facilities
- Multi-national or not
- Societal expectations

Large, multinational companies tend to set levels consistent with international mandates, while smaller companies tend to operate in wider ranges and implicitly, at higher levels of risk



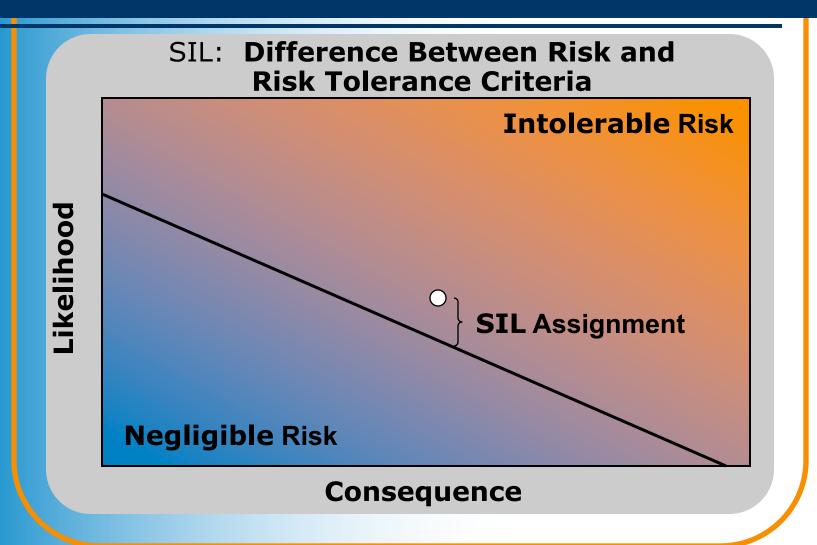
#### Risk Reduction Allocation

When additional risk reduction is required

- Non-instrumented IPLs
  - Passive components:
    - Dikes
    - Blast walls
    - Secondary containment
  - •Active components:
    - Relief devices
    - Redundant equipment or installed spares
- Instrumented IPLs
  - Control loops within the BPCS
  - Safety Instrumented Functions



#### How much risk reduction?





### Safety Function Definition

- Non-SIS Safety Functions (IPLs):
  - Scope definition
  - Project specification
     (This follows the normal project cycle)
- **SIS:** 
  - SIF List
  - SIL assignment

Note: SILs are assigned to functions, not to systems





#### SIF List

#### Typically includes

- ❖SIF Tag
- Hazard Description
- SIL Assignment/Required PFDavg
- Trip conditions
  - Instrument tags
  - Set point and direction
  - Voting
- Trip actions
  - Instrument tags
  - Trip state





## Safety Function Specification

- For an SIS, this is the SafetyRequirements Specification the SRS
  - Used to develop system quotes
  - Basis of detailed design
  - Basis of configuration
- More extensive than a SIF List





## The SRS - §10.3.1

"These requirements shall be sufficient to design the SIS and shall include the following:"

- A list of 27 bullet items follow
- The SIF List addresses five of them





# The SRS - §10.3.1

#### Other items include

- Source of demand and demand rate
- Proof test intervals
- Response time intervals
- Energize-to-trip or de-energize-to-trip
- Maximum allowable spurious trip rate
- Overrides/inhibits/bypasses
- Resets
- Dangerous combinations





## Organizing an SRS

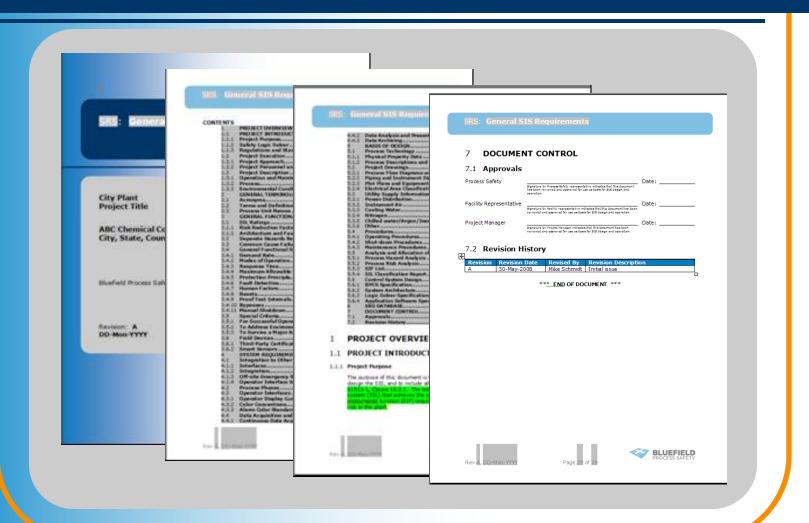
#### Suggested approach

- General SIS Requirements
- Specific SIF Requirements
- Basis of Design
  - Policies
  - Procedures
  - Documents
  - Reports





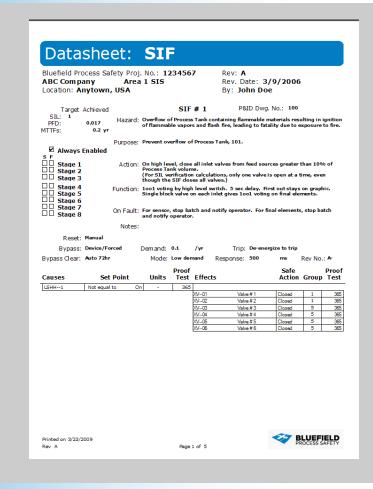
# General SIS Requirements







### Specific SIF Requirements







## Reliability Verification

#### Two kinds of "SIL Calcs"

- SIL Assignment Calculations
  - Consequence Analysis
  - Likelihood Analysis
- SIL Verification Calculations
  - Required by standards
  - Use a combination of software tools and custom calculations
    - exida SILVER (exSILentia)
    - SIS-Tech SilSOLVER



# Before starting SIS design

- Process Design
- Hazard Identification
- Risk Assessment
- Risk Tolerance Criteria Confirmation
- Risk Reduction Allocation
- Safety Function Definition
- Safety Requirements Specification
- Reliability Verification

#### After the SIS is installed

#### Are there questions about:

- Witnessing
- Procedures
- Responsibility (Vendor or customer?)
- Certificates
- Frequency
- Training after installation (Who needs it? Who can operate?)

